



PERIYARUNIVERSITY SALEM-636011

SyllabusforB.Sc.Psychology(From 2021-22Batch&Onwards)

The syllabus for **B.Sc. Psychology** degree, semester scheme has been developed to impart and disseminate the knowledge of psychology among the prospective students who ultimately serve to the society at large. The general objective of the syllabus is to give a scientific frame work for understanding the human behaviour in its various manifestations. The syllabus has been structured in a manner that encompasses theoretical and practical, modern and classical aspects of human behaviour. The detailed version of the syllabus can be found in the enclosure.

REGULATIONS

1. CANDIDATEFORADMISSION

A candidate who has passed Higher Secondary Examinations or Pre-University of Tamil Nadu State Government or Any other State Government accepted by the syndicate as equivalent shall be permitted to appear and qualify for the B. Sc. Psychology. Preference will be given to the candidate with Psychology as one subject in their qualifying Examination of HSC or Pre-University.

2. ELIGIBILITYFORTHEAWARDOFDEGREE

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of the degree only if He/ She undergoes the prescribed course of study in the University (Periyar University, Salem-11) or in the college affiliated to the University for a period of not less than three academic years, passed the examination of all the six semesters prescribed, earning minimum 40% of marks and fulfilled such conditions as have been prescribed thereafter.

3. DURATIONOFTHECOURSE

The course of the degree of Bachelor of Science in Psychology shall consist of three academic years, consisting of six semesters. The course of study shall be based on the CBCS pattern with internal assessment. For this purpose each academic year shall be divided into two semesters. First, Third and Fifth Semester from July to November and Second, Fourth and Sixth Semester from December to April.

4. TOTALNUMBEROFSERATS---40

5. EXAMINATION

There shall be six examinations. First, Third and Fifth examination at the middle of the First, Second and Third Academic year and the Second, Fourth and Sixth Semester examination at the end of the First, Second and Third academic year. 75% of attendance is **MUST** for the Semester Examinations.

6. COURSES

A UG degree programme consists of a number of courses. The term course is used to indicate a logical part of subject matter of the programme. The details of credits are enclosed.

7. REQUIREMENT FOR PROCEEDING TO SUBSEQUENT SEMESTER

1. Candidates shall register their names for the first semester examination after the admission in the UG course.
2. Candidates shall be permitted to proceed from the first semester up to final semester irrespective of their failure in any of the Semester Examinations subject to the condition that the candidates should register for all arrear subjects of earlier semesters along with current (subsequent) semesters subjects.

8. PASSING MINIMUM

A candidate shall be declared to have passed in each paper wherever prescribed if he/she obtains NOT LESS THAN 40% OF MARKS prescribed for the examination. He/ She shall be declared to have passed the whole examination, if he/she passes in all papers wherever prescribed/ as per scheme of examination earning 140 credits.

9. CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATE

Candidate who secured not less than 60% of the aggregate in the whole examination shall be declared to have passed the examination with **FIRST CLASS**.

All other successful candidates shall be declared to have passed with second class.

Candidates who obtained 75% of the marks in aggregates shall be deemed to have passed the examination in **FIRST CLASS WITH DISTINCTION**, provided they passed all the examinations prescribed for the course in the first appearance.

10. RANKING

Candidate who passed all the examinations prescribed for the course in the **FIRST ATTEMPT ONLY** is eligible for Classification/Ranking/Distinction

11. PATTERN OF QUESTION PAPER

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

SECTION A (15X1=15)

SECTION B (2X5=10)

SECTION C (5X10=50)

12. PRACTICALSEVALUATION

COMPONENTOFINTERNALASSESSMENT(CA)

COMPONENTS	DETAILS	Marks
RECORD	RecordWriting	15
TESTS	OneModel test	25
	Total	40

COMPONENTOFEXTERNALASSESSMENT(EA)

Time:3Hours

MaximumMarks:60

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| 1. MaterialsSelection | 10Marks |
| 2. Aim,ProcedureandConduction | 15Marks |
| 3. Table | 05Marks |
| 4. ResultsandDiscussion | 10Marks |
| 5. Conclusion | 05Marks |
| 6. Viva | 15Marks |

Total **60Marks**

13. PROJECTEVALUATION

- | | |
|---------------|-----|
| 1. Report -80 | |
| 2. Viva | -20 |

Total- **100Marks**

B.Sc.PsychologyProgramme:Syllabus[UnderChoiceBasedCreditSystem]
Forstudentsadmittedfrom2021-2022onwards

SemesterI							
Part	Studyco mponents	Courses	Hours/ Week	Credit	Intern alMar ks	External Marks	Total Marks
Part-I	Languages	Tamiloranyotherlang uage-I	6	3	25	75	100
Part-II	Languages	English-I	6	3	25	75	100
Part-III	Core-I	GeneralPsychology-I	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-II	BiologicalPsychology-I	5	4	25	75	100
	Allied-I	Principles ofManagement	5	4	25	75	100
Part -IV		ValueEducation	2	2	25	75	100
		ProfessionalEnglish-I	3	4	25	75	100
SemesterII							
Part-I	Languages	Tamiloranyotherlan guage-II	6	3	25	75	100
Part-II	Languages	English-II	4	3	25	75	100
II	NMSDC	LanguageProficiencyf orEmployability -EffectiveEnglish	2	2	25	75	100
Part-III	Core-III	GeneralPsychology-II	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-IV	BiologicalPsychology -II	5	4	25	75	100
	Allied-II	Human ResourceManageme nt	5	4	25	75	100
Part -IV		EnvironmentalStudies	2	2	25	75	100
		ProfessionalEnglish-I	3	4	25	75	100
SemesterIII							
Part-I	Languages	Tamiloranyother language-III	6	3	25	75	100
Part-II	Languages	English-III	6	3	25	75	100
Part- III	Core-V	Developmental Psychology-I	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-VI	IntroductiontoTheori esof Personality	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-VII	StatisticsinPsychology	5	4			
	Allied-III	BusinessCommun ication	5	4	25	75	100

Part-IV	NMEC-I	Psychology for Effective Living*	2	2	25	75	100
IV	NMSDC	Digital Skill for Employability - Microsoft Office Essentials	2	2	25	75	100

*NMEC to be offered to other department students by the Dept. of Psychology.
Psychology students to choose from other department/s

Semester IV

Part	Study components	Courses	Hours/ Week	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total Marks
Part-I	Languages	Tamil or any other language-IV	6	3	25	75	100
Part-II	Languages	English-IV	6	3	25	75	100
Part-III	Core-VIII	Developmental Psychology-II	5	4	25	75	100
3	Core-IX	Health Psychology	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-X	Experimental Psychology-I (Practical)	5	4			
	Allied-IV	Marketing Management	5	4	25	75	100
Part-IV	NMEC-II	Personality Development*	2	2	25	75	100
	NMSDC	Employability Skills- Microsoft	2	2	25	75	100

*NMEC to be offered to other department students by the Dept. of Psychology.
Psychology students to choose from other department/s

SemesterV							
Part-III	Core-XI	Abnormal Psychology-I	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-XII	SocialPsychology-I	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-XIII	Introductionto ResearchMethodology	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-XIV	ExperimentalPsycholog y-II(Practical)	8	4	40	60	100
Part -IV	NMSDC	Marketing and Design Tolls (Other Arts) – Digital Marketing	2	2	25	75	100
	SBEC- IV	Communicative Skills	2	2	25	75	100
SemesterVI							
Part-III	Core-XV	Abnormal Psychology-II	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-XVI	SocialPsychology-II	5	4	25	75	100
	Core-XVII	GuidanceandCounsellin gPsychology	8	4	40	60	100
	Core-XVIII	Projectwork	-	10	-	-	100
Part -IV	SBEC-V	PsychologyofAdjustmen t	2	2	25	75	100
	NMSDC	Innovative & Creative Skills for Employability- Content Writing & Digital Marketing	2	2	25	75	100
	ExtensionActivities			1			
				TOTALCREDITS	147		

SEMESTER-I

Core-I:GENERALPSYCHOLOGY-I

UNITI: INTRODUCTIONAND METHODS

What is Psychology? Definition – Goals – What is not psychology? Pseudo psychology. The History of Psychology- Schools - Modern Perspectives- Psychology in India- **Psychology:** The Science -**Methods:** Introspection – Observation – Survey – Experiment – Case Study – Correlation Research – **Scope of Psychology:** Branches of basic Psychology – Branches of applied Psychology

UNITII:SENSATION,PERCEPTIONANDATTENTION

Sensation: Meaning- Psychophysics-Thresholds- Weber's Law – Adaptation- **Basic sensation:** Vision- Hearing-Touch and other Skin senses-Olfaction-Gustation -**Proprioception:** Kinesthetic sense – Vestibular sense – **Perception:** Meaning- Organizing principles of perception – Constancies- Pattern perception, Distance perception- Errors in Perception- Illusion- Types; Hallucinations- Types; Extra Sensory Perception. - Factors that influence perception- Depth perception **Attention:** Meaning- Types- Determinants.

UNITIII:CONSCIOUSNESS

States of Consciousness: Consciousness- Definition- Two Major Types- **Natural State of Consciousness:** Biological Rhythms- Circadian Rhythms; Waking States of Consciousness- Sleep – Functions – Stages – Sleep Disorders – Dream – Theories. **Altered States of Consciousness:** meaning – Hypnosis – Use of Drugs – Meditation – Other Altered States. **Sensory deprivation:** Near death Experience- Lucid dreaming.

UNITIV:LEARNING

Learning: Definition – Nature- **Association Learning:** Classical Conditioning- Basic Principles; Operant Conditioning – Basic Principles – Reinforcement – Types – Punishment – Types. Schedules of Reinforcement- Shaping- Learned Helplessness; Similarities and Differences between Classical Conditioning and Operant Conditioning. **Social and Cognitive Learning:** Latent Learning- Insight Learning- Observational Learning.

UNITV:MEMORYANDFORGETTING

Memory: Definition – **Memory Process:** Encoding – Storage – Retrieval – The information processing model- Sensory memory- Short term memory- Long term memory- **Forgetting:** Meaning – Forgetting curve- Theories of forgetting- Causes- Memory and Brain- Improving memory.

Textbook

1. Cicarelli, K.S., Meyer, E.G. & Misra, G. (2008). *General psychology*. New Delhi, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt Ltd.

Reference

1. Baron, R.A. (2010). *Psychology* (5th ed.). New Delhi, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt Ltd.

Core-II:BIOLOGICALPSYCHOLOGY-I

UNITI:BIOLOGICALFOUNDATIONSOFBEHAVIOUR

Introduction: Meaning of BiologicalPsychology- Viewpoints to exploreBiology of Behaviour- Approaches that relate brain and behaviour – Levels of analysis - Correlating brain anatomy withbehaviour-Recordingbrainactivity-Effectsofbraindamage-Effectsofbrainstimulation

UNITII:NEURONS-BASICUNITOFNERVOUSSYSTEM

Basic features of the Nervous System: An overview, Meninges, Ventricular system and productionof cerebrospinal fluid. **Cells of the Nervous System:** Neurons, Supporting cells, The blood-brainbarrier-

NeuralCommunication:An overview,Measuringelectricalpotentials of axons. **TheMembranePotential:** Balanceoftwoforces,TheActionPotential,Conductionoftheactionpotential.

UNITIII: COMMUNICATIONBETWEEN NEURONS-SYNAPTICTRANSMISSION

CommunicationbetweenNeurons:Structureofsynapses, **Neurotransmitter:**meaning-types, **Release of the Neurotransmitter:** Activation of receptors- Postsynaptic potentials-Terminationofpostsynapticpotentials.

UNITIV:STRUCTURE&DIVISIONSOFTHENERVOUSSYSTEM

Nervous System: Development of the central nervous system, **Brain:** The forebrain, The hind brain,midbrain&forebrain, **DivisionofNervousSystem:**CentralNervousSystem,ThePeripheralNervo us System- Spinal nerves, Cranial nerves, The Autonomic Nervous system – Sympathetic andParasympathetic.

UNITV:HORMONESANDTHEBRAIN

Hormonalactions-Generalprinciplesofhormonalactions,Hormonalactiononcellularmechanisms- Hormonalinfluenceongrowthandactivity,Feedbackcontrolmechanismsinregulating secretion of hormones, **Endocrine glands and its specific hormones:** Pituitary- Pineal-Thyroid-Parathyroid- Pancreas-Adrenal-Gonads

Textbooks

1. Carlson, N.R. (2007). *Foundations of physiological psychology* (6th ed.). New Delhi, India: PearsonIndiaEducationServicesPvtLtd.
2. Kalat,J.W.(2011).*Biopsychology*.Delhi,India:CengageLearningIndiaPrivateLimited.

Reference

1. Pinel,J.(2007).*Biopsychology*(6thed.).NewDelhi,India:PearsonIndiaEducationServicesPvtLtd.
2. Purves,D.,Brannon,E.,Huettel,S.A.,Labar,K.S.,Platt,M.L.,&Woldorff,G.M.(2008). *Principlesofcognitiveneurosciences*.Sunderland,MA:SinauerAssociates,Inc.Publishers.

Allied-IPRINCIPLESOFGOVERNANCE

UNITI:MANAGEMENT:ANINTRODUCTION

Management – Definition – Importance – Nature – Scope and Functions – Principles of Management. Evolution of Management Thoughts – Contributions of F.W. Taylor - Henry Fayol – Elton Mayo – Hawthorne Experiment.

UNITII:PLANNINGANDDECISION MAKING

Planning–Importance–Advantage–Stepsinplanning–TypesofPlans–
ManagementbyObjectives(MBO)–Process–Merits–Limitations.DecisionMaking–Definition–
Typesofdecision
– Processofdecision making.

UNITIII:ORGANISATION

Organisation – Need for Organisation – Process – Organisational Structure – Line Functional, Line & Staff Organisation. Span of Management – Delegation – Centralisation and Decentralisation – Staffing – Nature & Purpose of Staffing.

UNITIV:LEADERSHIPANDMOTIVATION

Directing – Meaning, Importance, Principles – Leadership – Styles of Leadership – Qualities for effective leadership. Motivation – Theories of motivation – Maslow's need hierarchy theory, Herzberg's two-factor theory and their comparison

UNITV:COORDINATIONANDCONTROL

Coordinating – need – Principles – Approaches to achieve effective Coordination. Controlling – Meaning – Elements and significance – Steps in control process – control techniques.

TextBooks

1. C.B.Gupta, Business Organization & Management, Sultan Chand & Sons.
2. L.M.Prasad, Principles of Management, Sultan Chand & Sons.

Reference

1. Dingar Pagare, Business Management, Sultan Chand & Sons
2. Tripathi P.C. & P.N. Reddy, Principal of Management, TMH
3. Bhusan Y.K. Business Organization and Management, McGraw Hill
4. Koontz and O. Donnel, Essential of Management, McGraw Hill
5. Ramasamy T, Principles of Management, Macmillan India Ltd.,
6. Basu, Organisation & Management, S. Chand
7. M.C. Shukla, Business Organisation and Management, S. Chand
8. Rustom Davar, Management Process, Progressive Corporation Pvt., Ltd
9. J. Jayashankar, Principal of Management, Margham Publications. 10. Rupa Gunaseelan & Kulandaivelu, Vikas Pub. House, S. Chand & Sons. 11. Dr. V.R. Palanivelu, Principles of Management, Himalaya Pub. House, Mumbai 12. Dr. S. Karthick, Principles of Management, Shanlax Publication.

SEMESTER-II

Core-III:GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY-II

UNIT I: COGNITION

Meaning – Cognitive Psychology- Types of cognition: – Mental Imagery – Concept, **Problem solving**- Steps- Barriers to Effective problem solving- Strategies of problem solving: Algorithms, Heuristic, **Decision making**- Step, **Reasoning** – Inductive and Deductive reasoning, **Language**: Nature -Main Components of Language–Phonemes–Morphemes–Syntax–Semantics–Pragmatics.

UNIT II: MOTIVATION

Motivation: Definition – Needs – Biological Needs – Social Needs - Psychological Needs ,**Theories of Motivation:** Instincts–Drive-reduction theory–Arousal–Incentive–Opponent-Process–Cognitive theories–Social cognitive theory–Need theories, **Classification of Motives:** Physiological motives–Psychological motives, **Conflict:** Meaning–Types. **Frustration:** Meaning–Causes.

UNIT III: EMOTION AND STRESS

Emotion: Meaning – Basic emotions- Components - Physiology of emotion - Expression of emotion – Theories of Emotions, **Stress:** Definition – Four variations - Stressors – Effects – General Adaptation Syndrome–Individual differences–Coping mechanism.

UNIT IV: INTELLIGENCE AND CREATIVITY

Intelligence: Definition - Concept of IQ - Individual differences in Intelligence –Mental retardation – Mentally gifted – Assessment of Intelligence, **Emotional Intelligence:** Meaning – Characteristics, **Creativity:** Definition–Nature–Steps–Characteristics of creative people–Creativity tests.

UNIT V: PERSONALITY

Personality: Definition - Theories – Psychoanalytic - Neo Freudian: Jung –Adler - Karen Horney – Erikson - Behavioristic view – Social Cognitive view - Humanism and Personality: Roger's theory – Maslow's theory - Trait Theories Psychology – Allport – Cattell - The Big Five Factors. Assessment of Personality, Uses of Personality tests,

Textbook

1. Cicarelli, K.S., Meyer, E.G. & Misra. (2008) *General psychology*. New Delhi, India: Dorling Kingsley (India) Private Limited

Reference

1. Baron, R.A. (2010) *Psychology* (5th ed.). New Delhi, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt Ltd.

Core-IV:BIOLOGICALPSYCHOLOGY-II

UNITI:CIRCADIANRHYTHMS,SLEEPANDDREAMING

Rhythms of waking and sleeping: Endogenous cycles- Setting and resetting the biological clock- Mechanisms of the biological clock, **Sleep and brain mechanisms:** Sleep and other interruptions of consciousness, the onset of sleep and hypnagogic hallucinations, stages of sleep. Paradoxical or REM sleep, **Brain mechanisms of wakefulness and arousal:** Brain functions in REM sleep- Functions of sleep, **Dreaming:** REM sleep and dreaming. Biological perspectives on dreaming.

UNITII:BRAINDEVELOPMENTANDPLASTICITY

Development of the brain- Maturation of the vertebrate brain, Growth and development of neurons- New neurons later in life- Pathfinding by axons, Determinants of neuronal survival, **Neural plasticity:** Meaning- Plasticity after brain damage.

UNITIII:BIOLOGICALBASISOFTHIRSTANDHUNGER

Thirst: Mechanisms of water regulation- Osmotic thirst- Hypovolemic thirst and sodium specific hunger, **Hunger:** Digestion and food selection- Short and long term regulation of feeding- Brain mechanisms- Eating Disorders.

UNITIV:BIOLOGICALBASISOFEMOTIONS

Emotions: Introduction, **Emotions and Autonomic arousal:** James-Lange theory, Brain areas associated with emotions- The functions of emotions. **Attack and Escape Behaviours:** Attack behaviours- Escape- Fear and anxiety- Stress and Health

UNITV:BIOLOGICALBASISOFLARNINGANDMEMORY

Memory: Localized representations of memory- Types of memory- The hippocampus- Theories on the function of the hippocampus- Other types of amnesia: Korsakoff's syndrome, Alzheimer's Disease- The role of the other brain areas.

Textbooks

1. Carlson, N.R. (2007). *Foundations of physiological psychology* (6th ed.). New Delhi, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt Ltd.
2. Kalat, J.W. (2011). *Biopsychology*. Delhi, India: Cengage Learning India Private Limited.

Reference

1. Pinel, J. (2007). *Biopsychology* (6th ed.). New Delhi, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt Ltd.
2. Purves, D., Brannon, E., Huettel, S.A., Labar, K.S., Platt, M.L., & Woldorff, G.M. (2008). *Principles of cognitive neurosciences*. Sunderland, MA: Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers.

Allied-II HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

UNIT I: HRM: AN INTRODUCTION

Human Resource Management – Definition – Objectives – Scope – Functions of HRM. Job analysis – Process of job analysis, Team analysis – Employee Empowerment.

UNIT II: HR PLANNING AND SELECTION

Human Resource Planning – Objectives – Process of HRP – Recruitment – Sources of recruitment. Selection Procedure – Test and Interview – Types – reference check – final selection – Placement – Induction (rientation).

UNIT III: HRD AND CAREER PLANNING

HRD – Need – Functions – Training – Methods – Executive Development – Differences between Training and Development. Career Planning – Process – Succession Planning – Concept of Quality of Work Life (QWL).

UNIT IV: PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL AND JOB EVALUATION

Performance appraisal – Process – Techniques – Difference between Performance appraisal and Job Evaluation. Job Evaluation – Process – potential appraisal.

UNIT V: PROMOTION AND ABSENTEEISM

Promotion – Criteria – Benefits of effective promotion policy, Transfer – Purpose of transfer. Absenteeism – Causes – Measures – Labour Turnover – separation – VRS – retirement – dismissal.

Text Book

1. S.S. Khanka, Human Resource Management, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.

Reference

1. C.B. Mamoria, Personnel Management – Humalaya publications house.
2. J. Jayasankar, Human Resource management, Margham Pub., Chennai.
3. K. Aswathappa, Human Resources and Personnel Management, TMH, New Delhi.
4. Kaushal Kumar, Human Resources Management – ABD Publishers.
5. Keith Davis, Human Relations at work – TMH.
6. G.R. Bassotia, Human Resources Management, Mangal Deep Publications.
7. Dr. K. Ramesh, "Human Resource Management", Mithila Publications.

SEMESTER-III
Core-V: DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY-I

UNIT I: CONCEPTION THROUGH BIRTH

Meaning of developmental changes – Significant facts about development – Developmental stages – Developmental Issues – Conception of Age.

Characteristics of the Prenatal Period – How Life begins – Importance of Conception – Periods of Conception – Periods of Prenatal development – Stages of child Birth – Types of childbirth – Attitudes of significant people – Prenatal hazards & complications of low birth weight.

UNIT II: INFANCY

Characteristics of Infancy, developmental tasks – Major adjustment of Infancy – Conditions influencing adjustment to Postnatal life – Characteristics of the Infant – Hazards of Infancy.

UNIT III: BABYHOOD

Characteristics of Babyhood – Developmental tasks of babyhood – Physical development – Physiological development – Muscle Control – Speech development – Emotional behaviour – Socialization – Interest in Play – Development of Understanding – Beginnings of Morality – Beginnings of Sex – Role Typing – Family Relationships – Personality development – Hazards and Happiness.

UNIT IV: EARLY CHILDHOOD

Characteristics of Early Childhood – Developmental tasks – Physical development – Physiological habits – Skills of Early Childhood – Improvement in Speech – Emotions – Socialization – Play – Development of Understanding – Moral development – Common Interests – Sex-role Typing – Family Relationships – Personality development – Hazards and Happiness.

UNIT V: LATE CHILDHOOD

Characteristics of Late Childhood – Developmental tasks – Physical development – Skills – Speech improvement – Emotions and Emotional Expressions – Social groupings and Social behaviour – Play interest and activities – Increase in Understanding – Moral attitudes and behaviour – Interests – Sex-role Typing – Changes in Family relationships – Personality Changes – Hazards and Happiness.

Text Books

1. Hurlock, E. (1980). *Developmental psychology*. New Delhi, India: Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.
2. Santrock, J. W. (1999). *Lifespan development* (7th ed.). New York, NY: McGraw Hill.

Reference

1. Berndt, T. J. (1997). *Child development* (2nd ed.). Madison, WI: Brow & Benchmark Publishers.
2. Papalia, D. E., & Olds, S. W. (1994). *Human development* (5th ed.). New York, NY: Tata McGraw Hill.
3. Berk, C. L. (1996). *Child development* (3rd ed.). New Delhi, India: Prentice-Hall of India (Pvt) Ltd.

Core-VI:INTRODUCTION TO THEORIES OF PERSONALITY

UNIT I: CONCEPT, ASSESSMENT, MEASUREMENT AND RESEARCH METHODS

Personality: Definition, Meaning & Nature - Individual Uniqueness - Gender - Culture - Formal Theories - Personal Theories - Subjectivity in Personality Theories - Self-Report **Measure:** Biological Measures - Behavioral Assessment - Projective Techniques - Clinical Interviews - Online and Social Media Analysis.

UNIT II: PSYCHOANALYTIC THEORIES

Sigmund Freud: Classical Psychoanalysis - Instincts - Structure of Mind - Psychosexual Development - Therapeutic Techniques - Free Association - Catharsis - Dream Analysis; **Carl Jung:** Analytical Psychology - Psychological Types - Collective Unconscious; **Alfred Adler:** Individual Psychology - Inferiority Feelings - Role of Birth Order.

UNIT III: LIFE-SPAN AND TRAIT PERSPECTIVES ON PERSONALITY

Erik Erikson: Identity Formation - Ego Crises - Approaches to Trait: Lexical - Statistical - Theoretical; **Gordon Allport:** Culture - Functional Equivalence - Personal Dispositions, **Eysenck's:** Hierarchical Model of Personality, **Cattell's Taxonomy:** The 16 Personality Factor System

UNIT IV: EXISTENTIAL-HUMANISTIC PERSPECTIVES ON PERSONALITY

Roots in Gestalt - Kurt Lewin's Field; **Martin E.P. Seligman:** Learned Helplessness and the Optimistic / Pessimistic Explanatory Style, **Rotter:** Locus of Control theory **Maslow:** Hierarchy of Needs - Self-Actualization, **Rogers:** Growth - Inner Control - Becoming One's Self.

UNIT V: BEHAVIORAL, COGNITIVE AND SOCIAL PERSPECTIVE ON PERSONALITY

Albert Bandura: Social-Cognitive Learning Theory - Self-System, **Skinner:** Operant Conditioning; Cognitive Style - Perceptual Mechanisms - Schema Theory - Kelly's Personal Construct Theory

Text Books:

1. Hall, C.S., Lindzey, G., & Campbell, J.B. (2007). *Theories of personality* (4th ed.). Bengaluru, India: Wiley India Private Limited.
2. Schultz, P. D., Schultz, S. E., & Schultz, S. (2012). *Theories of personality* (10th ed.). Delhi, India: Cengage Learning.

References:

1. Friedman, H.S., & Schustack, M.W. (2016). *Personality: Classic theories and modern research* (6th ed.). Boston, MA: Pearson/Allyn and Bacon.
2. Larsen, R.J., & Buss, D.M. (2018). *Personality psychology: Domains of knowledge about human nature* (6th ed.). Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill.
3. Rao, K., Paranjpe, A.C., & Dalal, A.K. (2008). *Handbook of Indian psychology*. Chennai, India: Cambridge University Press India / Foundation Books.

Core-VII:STATISTICSINPSYCHOLOGY

UNITI:INTRODUCTIONTOTHESTATISTICS

Meaning of statistics-Importance of Statistics in Psychology -Parameters and Estimates- DescriptiveStatistics- Inferential Statistics-Variables and their types; **Levels of measurement:** Nominal Scale-Ordinal Scale- Interval Scale- Ratio Scale; **Frequency tables:** Making a Frequency Table -FrequencytablesforNominalVariables- GroupedFrequencyTables,**FrequencyGraphs:**Histogram,FrequencyPolygon.

UNITII:CENTRALTENDENCYANDVARIABILITY

Central Tendency: The Mean- from Frequency Distributions - Assumed Mean Method-Properties of Mean. Median – Calculation of Median from Ungrouped data- Calculation of Median from a Frequency Distribution. The Mode- Calculation of Mode in a Frequency Distribution.Comparison of Mean, Median and Mode-Guidelines for the Use of Central Tendencies.

Variability: the Range-Calculation of Range-the Average Deviation-Calculation of the Average Deviation. The Semi Interquartile Range- Calculation of Q1, Q3 and Quartile Deviation. The Variance and the Standard Deviation- Methods of Calculating the Variance and the Standard Deviation from Ungrouped data- Calculation of Standard Deviation from Grouped data- Calculation of Standard Deviation from Assumed Mean.

UNITIII:THENORMALDISTRIBUTIONANDCORRELATION

The Normal Distribution: Properties of the Normal Curve-Areas under the Normal Curve-Importance of Normal Distribution- Skewness- Kurtosis- Importance of measures of Skewness and Kurtosis. **The Correlation:** the Concept of Correlation-the Scatter Plot-the Product Moment Correlation- Calculation of Product Moment Correlation- Spearman's Rank-Difference Correlation Co-efficient-Properties of Correlation Co-efficient.

UNITIV:THEHYPOTHESISTESTINGANDTHEINFERENTIALSTATISTICS

Hypothesis Testing: the Core logic of Hypothesis Testing-the Hypothesis Testing Process- One Tailed and Two Tailed Hypothesis Tests. Decision Errors: Type I Error- Type II Error, **Inferential Statistics:** t-Tests-the t-test for a Single Sample-the t-test for Dependent Means- Assumptions of Single Sample and the t-Test for Dependent Means. The t-test for Independent Means: the Distribution of Differences between Means- Hypothesis Testing with a „t“ test for Independent Means.

UNIT V:NON-PARAMETRICMETHODS

The Chi-Square: Degrees of Freedom- Test of the Hypothesis of Normality- Calculation of the Chi-Square for 2x2 tables- Yates' Correction for Continuity- Assumptions of the Chi Square test, **The Non-parametric Methods:** Sign test- Assumptions and Uses of Sign Test- the Median Test- Run Test- the Kolmogorov and Smirnov Two Sample test- Precautions of the use of the Non-parametric tests.

TextBook

Howell,D. (2012).*Statisticalmethodforpsychology*(8thed.).Delhi,India:CengageLearning.

Reference

1. Agresti,A.,&Finlay,B.(2013).*Statisticalmethodsforthesocialsciences*.Hoboken,NJ:PearsonEducation
2. Aron,A.,Aron,E.N.,&Coups,E.J.(2006).*Statisticsforpsychology*(4thed.).NewDelhi,India:PearsonIndiaEducationServicesPvtLtd.
3. Heiman,G.(2013).*Basicstatisticsforthebehavioralsciences*(7thed.).Belmont,CA:CengageLearning.
4. Bear,G.,King,B.M.,&Minium,E.W.(2008).*Statisticalreasoninginpsychologyandeducation*.Bengaluru,India:WileyIndiaPrivateLimited.
5. Gupta,S.P.(1999).*Statisticalmethods*(3rded.).NewDelhi,India:SultanChand&Sons
6. Garrett,H.E.(2006):*Statisticsinpsychologyandeducation*.NewDelhi,India:ParagonInternationalPublishers.

Allied-IIIBUSINESSCOMMUNICATION

UNITI:COMMUNIATION:ANINTRODUCITON

Communication–meaning–objectives–process–mediaofcommunication–typeeofcommunication–barrierstocommunication–principlesofeffectivecommunication.

UNITII:BUSINESSLETTERS

Businessletters–layoutofBusinessletters-types– Businessenquiresandreplies–offers–quotations – orders – complaints and adjustments – collection letters – circular letters – statusenquires.

UNITIII:BANKCORRESPONDENCE

Bank correspondence – insurance correspondence – agency correspondence – letters to the editors – applicationsforappointment.

UNITIV:COMPANYCORRESPONDENCE

Companycorrespondence–DutiesofSecretary– correspondencewithdirectors,Shareholders,governmentdepartmentsandothers.

UNITV:REPORT

Report – meaning – importance – characteristics of a good report – preparing report -report byindividuals–reportbycommittees–speeches–characteristicsofgood speech –planningtospeak.

TextBook

Rajendrapal&KoralahalliJ.S.EssentialsofBusinessCommunication.SulthanChand&Sons.

Reference

1. RameshM.S.&PattanShetty,EffectiveBusinessEnglish&CorrespondenceRCPublications.
2. Balasubramanian,BusinessCommunication,VikasPub.House(P)Ltd.,
3. USRai,SMRai,BusinessCommunication,HPH
4. RSNPillai,Bagavathi,CommercialCorrespondence&OfficeManagement.
5. RashunathanandSanthanam,BusinessCommunication,MarghamPub.
6. Chanturvedi, Business Communication Concepts, Case and Applications, PearsonEducation.

NMEC-IPSYCHOLOGYFOR EFFECTIVE LIVING

(Offered to the Other Department Students)

UNIT I: SEEKING SELFHOOD

Self concept – core characteristics of self concept – self consistency, self esteem, self enhancement and self verification – self concept and personal growth.

At the end of the unit the students will be given exercise on self image and ideal self.

UNIT II: A HEALTHIER YOU

Body image – psychological factors and physical illness – coping with illness.

At the end of the unit the students will be given exercise on rating health habits.

UNIT III: TAKING CHARGE OF YOUR LIFE

Mastery and personal control – resolve and decision making – decisions and personal growth.

At the end of the unit the students will be given tests to measure "how much control you think you have?"

UNIT IV: YOUR FRIENDS AND YOU

Meeting people – impression, interpersonal attraction –

friendship, self disclosure, loneliness At the end of the unit the students will be given tests to measure "How shy are you?"

UNIT V: LOVE AND COMMITMENT

Love and intimacy – Commitment – adjusting to intimacy in relationships – divorce and its consequences

At the end of the unit the students will be given exercise on "Marital Myths".

Reference

Duffy G K, Atwater E (2008). Psychology for Living- Adjustment, growth and Behaviour today. India. Person Education Inc.

SEMESTER-IV
Core-VIII: DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY-II

UNIT I:PUBERTY

Meaning - Characteristics – Criteria – Causes – Age – Growth spurt – Body changes – Effects of puberty changes–Hazards&Happiness.

UNIT II: ADOLESCENCE

Characteristics – Developmental tasks – Physical change – Emotional changes – Social change – Interest – Morality – Sex interest and Behaviour – Family relationships – Personality change – Hazards&Happiness.

UNIT III: YOUNG ADULTHOOD

Characteristics- Developmental tasks – Changes in interest – Social Mobility – Sex role adjustments- Vocational adjustments–Marital Adjustments- Adjustment to parenthood – Adjustment to singlehood - Hazards of vocational and Marital adjustments – Success of Adjustment to adulthood.

UNIT IV: MIDDLE AGE

Characteristics – Developmental tasks – Adjustment to physical changes and mental changes – Social Adjustment–Vocational Adjustment–Adjustment to changed family patterns–Being single – loss of a spouse– Adjustment to approaching retirement– Vocational and Marital Hazards - Adjustment to approaching old age.

UNIT V: OLD AGE

Characteristics – Developmental tasks – Adjustment to physical changes- Change in motor and mental abilities–Changes in interests–Vocational Adjustment–Retirement–Changes in family life – loss of a spouse–Living arrangement for elderly hazards.

Text Books

1. Hurlock,E.(1980).*Developmental Psychology*.New Delhi:Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.
2. Santrock,J.W.(1999).*Lifespan Development*(7th ed.).McGraw Hill.

Reference

1. Berndt,T.J.(1997).*Child development*(2nd ed.).Madison,WI:Brow&Benchmark Pub.
2. Papalia, D. E., Olds, S. W. (1994). *Child development* (5th ed.). New York, NY: Tata McGrawHill.
3. Berk,L.C.(1996).*Child development*(3rd ed.).Delhi, India:Prentice- Hall of India(Pvt) Ltd.

Core-IX:HEALTHPSYCHOLOGY

UNITI:INTRODUCTIONTOHEALTHPSYCHOLOGY-HEALTHBEHAVIOUR

Healthpsychology:DefinitionandNeed-Thebiopsychosocialmodel-PatientPractitionerrelationship- Training for a career in health psychology, Introduction to health behaviour- Factorsinfluencingthepracticeofhealthbehaviour

UNITII:MODEL OF HEALTHBEHAVIOUR

Changing health habits using theoretical models:Health belief model, Theory of planned behaviour, Cognitive behavioural approaches to change health behaviour, Trans theoretical modelofbehaviourchange,Avenuesforhealthhabitmodification

UNITIII:CHRONICILLNESSANDPAIN

Illness Factors: Onset, Progression, Types of Symptoms, Quality of Life, Personal issues in chronicillness, Coping with chronic illness, Co management of chronic illness, Psychosocial Interventions,**Pain:**definition,typesofpain,Paincontroltechniques,Painmanagement

UNITIV: STRESSANDCOPING

Stress:definition,dimensionsofstress-sourcesofchronicstress-**Theoreticalcontributions:**Lazarus"s Appraisal Model, Flight or fight response, General adaptation Syndrome- Tending andBefriendingModel-Copingwithstress-Sourcesofstress.

UNITV: PROMOTINGHEALTHBEHAVIOUR

Smoking: Effects of smoking- reasons for smoking, **Alcoholism:** effects- reasons - Interventions forreducing smoking - changing problem drinking, Management of Overweight &obesity- effects ofdieting&physicalactivity.

TextBooks

1. Boyer,B.,&Paharia, I. (2008). *Comprehensive handbook of clinical health psychology*. Edison,NJ:JohnWiley&Sons.
2. Sarafino,E.(1994).*Healthpsychology*.Edison,NJ:JohnWiley&Sons.
3. Taylor,S. (1995).*Healthpsychology* (6thed.). Toronto,Canada:McGraw-Hill Ryerson.

Reference

1. Marks, D., Murray, M., Evans, B., Willig, C., Woodall, C., & Sykes, C.M. (2008). *Healthpsychology:Theory,researchandpractice*(2nded.).NewDelhi,India:SagePublication S.
2. Branmon,L.,&Frist,J.(2010).*Introductiontohealthpsychology*;NewDelhi,India:CengageLearningIndiaPvtLtd.

Core-**X:EXPERIMENTALPSYCHO
LOGYI(PRACTICAL)****Concepts:**

1. Attention
2. Perception
3. Learning
4. Motivation&Emotion
5. Psychomotorabilities
6. Intelligencetests

- A minimum of 10 experiments should be conducted per semester
- At least one experiment from each concept should be chosen

Allied-IVMARKETINGMANAGEMENT

UNITI: MARKETINGANDITSFACTORS

Marketing – Definition – Scope – Importance – changing Concepts of marketing – modern marketing concept. Marketing Environment – microenvironmental factors – macroenvironmental factors.

UNITII: CONSUEMRBEHAVIOURANDMARKETSEGMENTATION

Consumer Behaviour – Factors influencing buying behaviour – consumer buying decision process – Buying motives – influences. Market segmentation – criteria – Bases of segmentation – benefits.

UNITIII: MARKETINGMIX

Marketing Mix – Elements – Product mix – classifications of product – New product Development – Product Lifecycle. Pricing mix – Pricing policies – kinds of pricing.

UNITIV: CHANNELSOF DISTRIBUTIONANDPROMOTION

Channels of distribution – Types of middlemen – factors influencing channel selection. Promotion mix – Advertising – objectives – characteristics of Effective Advertising sales promotion – methods (levels) of sales promotion.

UNITV: PERSONNELSELLINGANDE-BUSINESS

Personnel Selling. – Kinds of salesmanship – Qualities of successful sales person - publicity. Recent trend in marketing – e-business – Telemarketing – Relationship marketing – Virtual Advertising.

TextBook

1. N.Rajan Nair, Marketing Management, Sultan Chand & Sons.

Reference

1. Philip Kotler, Marketing Management, Millennium Edition, PHI.
2. Ramasamy & Namakumary, Handbook of Marketing Management, Macmillan.
3. Rajagopal, Marketing Management, Vikas Publishing House Pvt., Ltd.,
4. S.Jayachandran, Marketing Management, Excel Books.
5. Rajan Saxena, Marketing Management, TMH.
6. Sherlakar, S.A., Marketing Management, HPH.
7. R.S.N.Pillai, Marketing Management, Sulthan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
8. Dr.R.Murugesan, Marketing Management, Margam Publication, Chennai.

NMEC-II PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT

(Offered to the Other Department Students)

UNIT-I: MEANING AND NATURE OF PERSONALITY

Personality: Definitions, Meanings, Elements of personality, Types of Personality, Determinants of personality, Personality SWOT Analysis

UNIT-II: PERSONALITY ENRICHMENT

Self esteem, Self concept, Advantages of high self esteem, Characteristics of people with high and low self esteem, Steps to building positive self esteem, Attitude, Factors that determine our attitude., Benefits of a positive attitude and consequences of a negative attitude, Steps to building a positive attitude.

UNIT-III: MOTIVATION

Motivation: Meaning and nature, The difference between inspiration and motivation, Motivation redefined, External motivation vs. Internal motivation, Achievement motivation

UNIT-IV: SUCCESS

Defining success- Real or imagined obstacles to success, Qualities that make a person successful, Reasons for failure – Interpersonal skills, Dealing with seniors, colleagues, juniors, customers, suppliers at the workplace.

UNIT-V: POSITIVE RELATIONSHIPS & PERSONALITY

Positive Relationships-

Factors that prevent building and maintaining positive relationships, the difference between ego and pride, the difference between selfishness and self interest, Steps for building a positive personality, Body language: understanding body language, Projecting positive body language.

Reference

1. Nathan Dorman (2004). Personality Development. Abishek Publication, New Delhi.
2. Jafar Mahmud (2004). Introduction to Psychology. APH Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
3. Zig Ziglar (2000). See You at the Top. Magna Publishing Co. Ltd., Mumbai.
4. Shiv Khera (1998). You can win. MacMillan India Ltd., New Delhi.
5. Walter Doyle Staples (2000). Think Like a Winner. Magna Publishing Co. Ltd., Mumbai.

SEMESTER-V

CoreXI:ABNORMALPSYCHOLOGY-

1UNITI:INTRODUCTIONANDTHEORETICALPERSPECTIVE.

Defining Abnormal Behavior - Causes of Abnormal Behavior: Necessary, Predisposing, Precipitatingand Reinforcing causes, Historical views of abnormal behaviour- Brief note on DSM 5 and ICD 11classificationsystem.

UNITII:MODELSOFABNORMALITY

Biological-Psychodynamic-Behaviour-Cognitive-Humanistic-Existential, Interpersonalperspective-Bio-cultural.

UNITIII: NEURODEVELOPMENTDISORDERS

Intellectual disability: Definition, Clinical types and Causal factor, **Autism Spectrum disorder:**ClinicalPictureandCausalFactors,**SpecificLearningdisorder:**ClinicalPictureandCausal factors,AttentionDeficit/Hyperactivitydisorder,ConductDisorder, NeurocognitiveDisorder.

UNITIV:ANXIETYRELATEDDISORDERS

Meaning-Types-BriefdescriptionwithCausalfactorsandTreatment:GeneralizedAnxietyDisorders - Phobic Disorder –Post Traumatic Stress Disorder - Obsessive Compulsive Disorder -PanicDisorders

UNITV:SOMATICDISORDERANDDISSOCIATIVEDISORDER

Somatic Symptoms and related disorders (SSD): Complex Somatic Symptom Disorder-IllnessAnxiety Disorder- Functional Neurological Disorder, **Dissociative Disorders:** Dissociative Amnesia,Dissociative Identity Disorder, Depersonalization and Derealization Disorder -Causal factors andTreatment.

TextBooks

1. Butcher,J.N.,Hooley,J.M.,Mineka,S.,Dwivedi,C.B.(2017).*Abnormalpsychology*(16thed.). NewDelhi,India:PearsonIndiaEducationServicesPrivateLimited.
2. Barlow,D.(2017).*Abnormalpsychologyandcasebookinabnormalpsychology*(5thed.).Belmont,CA:Wadsworth.
3. Comer,R.(2018).*Fundamentals of abnormal psychology*.NewYork,NY: WorthPublishers.

Reference

1. Davison,G.C.,Neale,J.M&Kring,A.M.(2004).*Abnormalpsychology*.(9thed.).Marblehead,MA:JohnWiley&SonsInc.
2. Alloy, L. B., Riskind, J. H., & Manos, M.J. (2005). *Abnormal psychology*. New Delhi, India:TataMcGrawHillpubgCo
3. Cutting,J.(1997).*Principles of psychopathology*.NewYork,NY:OxfordUniversityPress

CoreXII:SOCIALPSYCHOLOGY-I

UNIT1INTRODUCTION

Definition of Social Psychology - Nature of Social Psychology- Brief History- Principles of Social Psychology-Social Psychology and Human Values-Social Psychology and Common Sense- Research Methods.

UNITIITHESELF

Self-Presentation: Self-Other accuracy in predicting behaviour-Self-Presentation tactics, **Self-Knowledge:** Introspection, the self from the observer's standpoint, **Personal identity versus social identity:** the importance of the social context and others' treatment

Social Comparison: Self-serving biases and unrealistic optimism, **Self-esteem:** the measurement of self-esteem-the impact of migration on self-esteem-gender differences and self-esteem, **Self as a target of prejudice:** concealing one's identity and its impact on well-being-overcoming the effects of stereotypical threat.

UNITIIISOCIALBELIEFSANDJUDGEMENTS

Judging the social world: Perceiving the social world - Explaining the social world- Importance of social beliefs-Self- fulfilling prophecy, Cognitive social psychology, **Behaviour and Attitudes:** Conditions When Attitudes Determine Behaviour-Conditions When Behaviour Determines Attitudes- Explaining Why Behaviour Affect Attitudes, **Self presentation:** Impression Management, **Self-justification:** Cognitive Dissonance-**Self perception:** Comparing the theories.

UNITIV CONFORMITY,COMPLIANCE AND OBEDIENCE

Conformity: Definitions-Classic Studies on Conformity-Compliance & Obedience-Factors Predicting Conformity- Reasons for Conformity- Characteristics of people who conform- Resisting social pressures to conform, **Compliance:** Principles of compliance, Effectiveness of compliance strategies, **Obedience:** Causes & resisting the effects of destructive obedience.

UNITVHELPINGBEHAVIOR

Altruism and pro-social behaviour: Theoretical perspectives- By Stander Effect, **Helping:** Reasons for Helping - Conditions Governing Helping - Characteristics of People Who Help - Increasing Helping Behaviour.

TextBooks

1. Myers, D.G.&Twenge,J.M.(2017).*Socialpsychology*(12thed.). New York, NY: McGraw-Hill Education.
2. Branscombe,N.R.,Baron,R.A.&Kapur,P.(2017).*Socialpsychology*(14thed.). Chennai, India: Pearson India Education Services Pvt.Limited.

Reference

1. Myers, D.G.(2002).*Socialpsychology*(7thed.). New York, NY: McGrawHill Book Company.
2. Baron,A.,&Byrne,D.(2002).*Socialpsychology*(10thed.). New Delhi, India: Prentice-Hall of India.
3. Baron,A.,Branscombe,N.,Byrne,D.,&Bhardwaj,G.(2009).*Socialpsychology*(12thed.). New Delhi, India: Dorling Kindersley(India) Private Limited

CoreXIII:INTRODUCTIONTORESEARCHMETHODOLOGY

UNITI:RESEARCHMETHODOLOGY:ANINTRODUCTION

Definition-NeedandImportanceofpsychologicalResearch-ObjectivesofResearch-TypesofResearch-TheResearchProcess-PrinciplesofaGoodResearch-ProblemsencounteredbyresearchesinIndia.

UNITII:RESEARCHPROBLEM,HYPOTHESISANDREVIEWOFLITERATURE

ResearchProblem: Meaningandcharacteristicsofaproblem-waysinwhichaproblemismanifested - Types of Problems, **Hypothesis:** Meaning and characteristics of a good hypothesis -Types - Sources and Functions of Hypotheses,**Reviewing the Literature:** Purpose of Review -SourcesofReview.

UNITIII:SAMPLING

MeaningandNeedforsampling-Fundamentalsofsampling-Factorsinfluencingdecisiontosample- Types of Sampling: Probability and Non probability- Probability Sampling: Simple random,stratifiedrandomandareaclustersampling- Nonprobabilitysampling:Quota,Accidental,Judgementalorpurposive,systematicandsnowballsampling

UNITIV:METHODSOFDATACOLLECTION

Primary data: Questionnaire and schedule – Interview - Observation as a tool of Data Collection,DifferencebetweenParticipantobservationandnon-participantobservation- RatingScale,**Secondarydata:**Sources.

UNITV:WRITINGARESEARCHREPORT

Meaning- General purpose of writing a research report-of a research report, Styles of writing aresearchreport-Typesofresearchreports-Precautionsinwritingresearchreport

TextBooks

1. McBurney, D.H.(2007).*Researchmethods*;NewDelhi,India: ThomsonWadsworth
2. Singh,A.K.(2012).*Tests,measurementsandresearchmethodsinbehavioralsciences*.(5thed.).P atna,India:B.B.Printers.
3. Zechmeister,J.S.,Zechmeister,E.B.,&Shaughnessy,J.J.(2001).*Essentialsofresearchmethodsinpsychology*.NewDelhi,India:TataMcGraw-HillEducationPrivateLimited.

Reference

1. Haslam,A.S.,&McGarty,C.(2003).*Researchmethodsandstatisticsinpsychology*.NewDelhi,India:SagePublications.
2. Ramadass,P.,&Aruni,W.A.(2009):*Researchandwritingacrossthedisciplines*;Chennai,India:M JPPublishers.

**CoreXIV:EXPERIMENTALPSYCHOLOGYII
(PRACTICAL)**

Concepts:

1. Personality
2. Aptitude
3. Interest
4. Achievementtests
5. Stressandcoping
6. Attitudesandbehavior
7. Creativity

- A minimum of 10 experiments should be conducted per semester
- At least one experiment from each concept should be chosen

SBEC-IVCOMMUNICATIVESKILLS

UNITI:THECOMMUNICATIONPROCESS

SendingtheMessage,theChannel,ReceivingtheMessage;misinterpretationsandunintendedmessages,Feedback;self-monitoring,ContextandNoise;Psychological.Stereotyping,Semantics.

UNITII:ACTIVELISTENINGSKILLSANDNON-VERBALCOMMUNICATION

ListeningSkills,BarrierstoListening,ListeningBehaviours,ActiveListeningSkills.Non-verbalCommunicationSkills,CultureandNon-VerbalMessages,Formsofnon-verbalcommunication:FacialExpressionsandEyeGaze,PostureandGestures,Voice,PersonalSpace&Distance,PersonalAppearance.

UNITIII:GIVINGCONSTRUCTIVEFEEDBACK

Difficultyinprovidinghonestfeedback.FeedbackSkills:BeingSpecific,Offeringasolution,Deliveringthefeedbackfacetoface,Beingsensitive,Beingproblemorientedandnotpeopleoriented,Beingdescriptiveandnotevaluative,Owningratherthandisowningandchecking.Structureoffeedback.

UNITIV:QUESTIONINGSKILLS

Questioning Techniques, Types of Questions: Probing/clarifying Questions, Reflective Questions,DirectQuestionsandHypotheticalQuestions.

UNITV:PRESENTATIONSKILLS

Presentation and dealing with Fears of presentation. Planning the Presentation: Setting objective,Understanding the audience, Knowing the setting, Writing down the „central theme“ of the talk,Writingtheoutline,Developingvisualaids,Preparingdeliverynotesanddeliveringthepresentation.

Reference

1. Hargie,O.,Dickson,D.,Tourish,D.(2004)CommunicationSkillsforEffectiveManagement.PalgraveMacmillan.Hampshire.
2. Adler, R.B. & Elmhorst,J.M.(1999)CommunicatingatWork:Principlesand PracticesforBusinessandtheProfessionsMcGrawHillSingapore
3. Dixon, T., O'Hara,M (2010). Communication Skills. Open text book.http://cw.routledge.com/textbooks/9780415537902/data/learning/11_Communication%20Skills.pdf

SEMESTERVI

CoreXV:ABNORMALPSYCHOLOGYII

UNITI:MOODDISORDERS

Unipolar mood disorder: Biological-Psychosocial-Socio-cultural Causal factors, **Bipolar disorders:** Biological – Psychosocial - Socio- cultural Causal Factors – Treatment, **Suicide:** causes -prevention

UNITII:SCHIZOPHRENIAANDOTHERPSYCHOTICDISORDERS.

Schizophrenia: Meaning-Clinical features positive symptoms-negative symptoms-Causes-treatment-Subtypes, **Other Psychotic Disorders:** Causal Factors-Treatment

UNITIII:PERSONALITYDISORDER

Cluster A disorders: Meaning - types- causes- treatment, **Cluster B disorders:** Meaning- types-causes-treatment, **Cluster C disorders:** Meaning-types-causes-treatment.

UNITIV:SUBSTANCERELATEDDISORDERS

Psychoactive drugs: Meaning-types, **Concepts:** Substance Abuse-Tolerance-Dependence-Addiction - withdrawal symptoms. **Addiction Disorders:** Alcohol Abuse and Dependence - Drug Abuse and Drug Dependence-Causal factors-Treatment.

UNITV:PREVENTIONAND TREATMENT

Perspectives on Prevention- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Prevention, Psychological approaches to treatment: Psychodynamic therapy-Behaviour therapy-Cognitive and Cognitive Behavioral therapies-Humanistic and Existential therapies-Family and Marital Therapy-Eclecticism and Integration-Indigenous systems: Yoga and Meditation.

TextBooks

1. Butcher, J.N., Hooley, J.M., Mineka, S., & Dwivedi, C.B. (2017). *Abnormal psychology* (16th ed.). New Delhi, India: Pearson Publication.
2. Barlow, D. (2017). *Abnormal psychology and casebook in abnormal psychology*, (5th ed.). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth.
3. Comer, R. (2018). *Fundamentals of abnormal psychology*. New York, NY: Worth Publishers.

Reference

1. Davison, G.C., Neale, J.M., & Kring, A.M. (2004). *Abnormal psychology*. (9th ed.). Malden, MA: John Wiley & Sons Inc.
2. Alloy, L.B., Riskind, J.H., & Manos, M.J. (2005). *Abnormal psychology*. New Delhi, India: Tata McGraw Hill publishing Co.
3. Cutting, J. (1997) *Principles of Psychopathology*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

Core XVI:SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY II

UNIT I:PERSUASION

Theories of Persuasion: the central route - the peripheral route - different pathways for different purposes-Elements of Persuasion:communicator,content,channel,audience-
Cults&persuasion

- Resisting Persuasion: strengthening personal commitment, inoculation programs, implications of attitude in inoculation.

UNIT II: GROUP INFLUENCE:

Definition of Group - **Social Facilitation:** mere presence of others, crowding, factor, **Social Loafing:** Introduction, social loafing in everyday life, **Deindividuation:** importance of working together, diminishing self-awareness, **Group Polarization:** The risky shift phenomenon, Group influence on opinions, **Group Think:** symptoms, critiquing, preventing group think, group problem solving, **The influence of the minority:** consistency, self-confidence, deflections from majority, leadership as minority influence.

UNIT III: PREJUDICE

Nature and Power of Prejudice – Social Sources of Prejudice – Motivational Sources of Prejudice – Cognitive Sources of Prejudice – Consequences of Prejudice -Discrimination- prejudice in action- Techniques for countering the effects of prejudice.

UNIT IV: AGGRESSION

Aggression: Definition - Hurting Others – Theories of Aggression – Media violence - Sexual violence- Strategies to reduce Aggression.

UNIT V: LIKING, LOVE AND OTHER CLOSER RELATIONSHIPS

Internal sources of liking others: the role of needs and emotions, **External sources of attraction:** the effects of proximity, familiarity and physical beauty- Sources of liking based on social interaction-Closer relationships-foundations of social self- Divorce & the detachment process.

Text Books

1. Myers,D.G.,&Twenge,J.M.(2017).*Social psychology*(12thed.).New York,NY:McGraw-Hill Education.
2. Branscombe,N.R.,Baron,R.A.&Kapur,P.(2017).*Social psychology*(14thed.).Chennai,India: Pearson India Education Services Private Limited.

Reference

1. Myers,D.G.(2002).*Social Psychology*(7thed.).New York,NY:McGrawHill Book Company.
2. Baron,A.,&Byrne,D.(2002).*Social Psychology*(10thed.).New Delhi,India:Prentice-Hall of India.
3. Baron,A.,Branscombe,N.,Byrne,D.,&Bhardwaj,G.(2009).*Social Psychology*(12thed.).New Delhi,India:Dorling Kindersley(India)Private Ltd.

CoreXVII:GUIDANCEANDCOUNSELLINGPSYCHOLOGY

UNITI:NATUREANDSCOPEOFGUIDANCEANDCOUNSELLING

Counselling and Guidance: Meaning- Nature - Need and Functions of Guidance and Counselling - Emergence of Guidance and Counselling in India - Goals and Scope of Guidance and Counselling - TypesofCounsellingServices.

UNITII:APPROACHESTOCOUNSELLINGANDTHECOUNSELLINGPROCESS

Directiveandnon-directiveapproaches-Humanisticapproach-Behaviouristicapproach-Existential Approach - Eclectic Approach, **Counselling Process:** Preparation for counselling, Stepsinthecounsellingprocess.

UNITIII:PSYCHOLOGICALTESTINGANDDIAGNOSIS

Use of psychological tests in guidance and counseling - Types of psychological tests - Nature of a good psychological test-Testinterpretationincounseling-Limitationsofpsychological tests - Diagnosisanditslimitations.

UNITIV:COUNSELLORQUALITIES,SKILLSANDETHICALRESPONSIBILITIES

Qualitiesofaneffectivecounselor,**Counsellorskills:**BuildingTrust-Listening-Attending-Observing-BuildingRapport-DemonstratingEmpathy,Ethicsincounselling.

UNITV:SPECIALAREASINCOUNSELLING

Family group consultation - Counseling Families Concerning Children - Counseling with Parents - CounselingtheDelinquent-MarriageCounseling-PremaritalCounseling-CounselingtheHandicapped - Career Counseling - Adolescent Counseling- Role of Counselor in developing GoodMentalHealth.

TextBooks

1. Rao,N.(2013).*CounsellingandGuidance*.Chennai,India:TataMcGrawHill.
2. Gladding,S.T.(2017).*Counselling:Acomprehensiveprofession*.Chennai,India:Pearson.
3. Gibson,R.L.,&Mitchell,M.H.(2007).*Introductiontocounsellingandguidance*(7thed.).UpperSaddleRiver,NJ:PrenticeHall.

Reference

1. Nayak,A.K.(2007):*Guidanceandcounseling*.NewDelhi,India:APH Publishing.
2. Barki,B.G.,&Mukhopadhyay,B.(2008):*Guidanceandcounsellingmanual*.NewDelhi,India:Sterling.
3. Kochhar,S.K.(1984).*Guidanceandcounsellingincollegesanduniversities*.NewDelhi,India:Sterling.

**Core-XVIII:PROJECTWORK/DISSERTATION
(IntroducingResearchComponentinUnder-GraduatePsychologyCourse)**

- **Projectwork/Dissertation**isconsideredasaspecialcourseinvolvingapplicationofknowledgeinsolving/analyzing/exploringreallifepsychologicalvariables.
- TheobjectiveoftheProjectworkistofurtherthestudent“scriticalthinkingandscientificenquiryof psychologicalconceptsthroughsystematicinvestigation.
- Projectwork/Dissertationisprescribedforthe6thSemesterStudentandthestudentwillbeworkingundertheteachersupervisor.
- Thestudentisoundergoa 2weekdata-collectionfieldvisit.
- GuidesfortheProjectworkwillbeallottedasperthestudentpreference.
- TheProjectworkmaybea survey(fact findings or exploratory nature). collection of clinicalcase studies, a Problem solving assignment, Verification of existing or established theory andanyotherassignmentasapprovedbytherespectivefacultyguideandtheHOD.
- TheProject/Dissertationworkconsistsof15credits.
- AProject/Dissertationworkisacompulsorycorepaper.

**NORMSFOREVALUATIONFORPROJECTREPORT
MaximumMarks:100(ProjectReport75+VivaVoce25)**

1. Introduction	:10Marks
2. Methodology	:15Marks
3. ReviewofLiterature	:10Marks
4. ResultsandDiscussions	:20Marks
5. SummaryandConclusion	:10Marks
6. ReferencesorBibliography	:10Marks
<hr/>	
ProjectReport	75Marks
Viva-VoceExamination:	25Marks
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Total	100Marks

SPEC-VPSYCHOLOGYOFADJUSTMENT

UNIT-I: THEDYNAMICSOFADJUSTMENT

Adjustment: Meaning – The roots of happiness- Improving Academic Performance: Developing Sound Study Habits-Improving Your Reading- Getting More out of Lectures- Applying Memory Principles.

UNIT-II: PERSONALITYANDADJUSTMENT

Personality: Meaning-Personality traits–Psychoanalytic theory–Pavlov’s classical conditioning– Maslow’s theory– Eysenck’s theory.

UNIT-III: STRESSANDADJUSTMENT

The Nature of Stress – Major Types of Stress: Frustration – Conflict – Change – Pressure. Responding to Stress – The Potential Effects of Stress - Factors influencing stress tolerance – stress management.

UNIT-IV: INTERPERSONALCOMMUNICATION

Process of Interpersonal Communication – Non-verbal communication – Toward More Effective Communication-Communication Problems-Interpersonal conflict– Developing Assertive skills.

UNIT-V: MARITALADJUSTMENT

Moving Toward Marriage: The motivation to marry – Selecting a mate – Predictors of marital success. Marital Adjustment Across the Family Life Cycle- Vulnerable areas in Marital Adjustment – Divorce– Adjusting to divorce– Remarriage.

Reference

1. Wayne Weiten, Margaret A. Lloyd. (2004). Psychology Applied to modern Life: (7th Edition). Singapore: Thompson Wadsworth.
2. Crisp, R.J. and Turner, R.N. (2007). Essential Social Psychology. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

SBCE-VICONSUMERBEHAVIOUR

UNIT-I:INTRODUCTION

Definition, scope, consumer roles, history of consumer behaviour and the marketing concept, contributing disciplines and application of consumer behaviour. Market segmentation: need, types - geographic, demographic, psychographic and life style. Product positioning: need and strategy.

UNIT-II:FACTORSINFLUENCINGCONSUMERBEHAVIOUR

Consumer motivation: needs, goals, motive arousal, reactions to frustration. Consumer Personality: nature, influences on consumer behaviour. Consumer emotions: nature, uses in advertising. Consumer Perception and its implications. Consumer Learning: Classical and Instrumental theories in the context of consumer behaviour.

UNIT-III:CONSUMERATTITUDEANDCOMMUNICATIONPROCESS

Attitude: functions, Tri-component attitude model and Katz's models of attitude and attitude change. Post purchase attitude change: cognitive dissonance theory and attribution theory. Marketing communication: process, barriers, types of communications systems, Source, Message and Medium of Communication.

UNIT-IV:CONSUMERSINTHEIRSOCIALANDCULTURALSETTINGS

Reference group: Nature, types and influences on consumers. Family life cycle stages, nature of household and purchases and family decision making and resolving conflict. Social class: Nature of social class, symbols of status, concept of money and social class, social class categories and consumer behaviour.

UNIT-V:CONSUMERDECISIONMAKING

Consumer decision: Stages in consumer decision process - situational influence, problem recognition, information search, evaluation of alternatives and selection, outlet selection and purchase and post purchase action. Organizational Buyer: nature, market structure and pattern of demand, characteristics, decision approach, purchase pattern and organizational buyer decision process.

Reference

1. Kumar, A and Singh, K. (2013). Consumer Behaviour and Marketing Communication: An Indian Perspective 1st Edition. Dreamtech Press, New Delhi.
2. Schiffman, L.G. and Kanuk, L.L. (2007), Consumer Behaviour, 9th edition, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, India
3. Batra, S. and S.H.H. Kazmi (2004), Consumer Behaviour – Text and Cases, Excel Books, A-45, Naraina, Phase I, New Delhi, India.